## **Nuclear Astrophysics @ GANIL**







François de Oliveira Santos

## Spectroscopy of <sup>19</sup>Ne

J. Gomez-Gomar et al	., Mon. Not. R.
Astron. Soc. 296, 913	(1998).

Novae

M. Hernanz, J. Jose, A. Coc, J. Gomez-Gomar, and J. Isern, Astrophys. J. 526, L97 (1999).

A. Coc, M. Hernanz, J. Jose, and J.-P. Thibaud, Astron. Astrophys. 357, 561 (2000).



<sup>19</sup> Ne							
No	$E_x^{a}$ (MeV)	E <sub>r</sub> (keV)	J <sup>πb</sup>	$\Gamma_{\gamma}^{c}$ (eV)	$ heta_p^{2\mathbf{d}}$	$\Gamma_p^{d}$ (keV)	$\Gamma_{\alpha}^{e}$ (keV)
1	6.419	8(6)	$(\frac{3}{2}^+)$	0.77(41)	0.12(2)	2.2(4)E-37	0.27(27)
2	(6.422)	11(30)	$(\frac{11}{2}^+)$	0.35(18)	(0.1)	1.8(18)E-38	20(14)E-3
3	6.437	26(9)	$\frac{1}{2}^{-}$	[1(1)]	0.01	1.1(11)E-20	220(20) (M)
4	6.449	38(7)	$(\frac{3}{2}^+)$	1.1(6)	0.03(3)	4(4)E-15	1.3(10)
5	(6.504)	93(30)	$(\frac{7}{2}^+)$	0.14(8)	(0.1)	4.6(46)E-10	0.4(4)
6	(6.542)	131(30)	$(\frac{9}{2}^{+})$	0.30(16)	(0.1)	2.7(27)E-12	1.3(11)E-2
7	6.698	287(6)	$(\frac{5}{2}^+)$	0.29(15)	0.01	1.2(12)E-5	1.2(10)
8	6.741	330(6)	$\frac{3}{2}^{-}$	5.0(26)	-	2.22(69)E-3	5.2(37)
9	(6.841)	430(30)	$(\frac{3}{2})$	2.8(15)	(0.01)	9.7(97)E-3	25(18)
10	6.861	450(6)	$\frac{7}{2}^{-}$	2.3(12)	(0.01)	1.1(11)E-5	1.2(0.9)
11	(6.939)	528(30)	$(\frac{1}{2}^{-})$	[1(1)]	(0.01)	3.4(34)E-2	99(69)
12	(7.054)	643(30)	$(\frac{5}{2}^+)$	[1(1)]	(0.1)	4.7(47)E-2	29(25)
13	7.0757	664.7(16)	$\frac{3}{2}^{+}$	[1(1)]	-	15.2(1)	23.8(12) (M)
14	7.173	762(5)	$(\frac{11}{2}^{-})$	0.15(8)	(0.01)	9.8(98)E-8	1.2(10)E-2
15	7.238	827(6)	$\frac{3}{2}^{+}$	[1(1)]	-	0.35(35)	6.0(52)



### States above proton threshold



# Outlook

This experiment					Previous measurements			
Label	$E_r(\text{keV})$	$E_x(MeV)$	$\Gamma (\text{keV})$	$J^{\pi}$	$E_x(MeV)$	$\Gamma (\text{keV})$	$J^{\pi}$	$\operatorname{ref}$
А	669(5)	7.079(5)	32(8)	$\frac{3}{2}(+)$	7.075(1.6)	39(2.2)	$\frac{3}{2}^{+}$	[7]
В	793(31)	7.203(31)	35(12)	$\frac{3}{2}(+)$	$7.173(5) \\ 7.238(6)$	-	-	[5] [5]
С	1092(30)	7.502(30)	17(7)	$\frac{5}{2}(-)$	7.500(9) 7.531(11)	$16(16) \\ 31(16)$	-	[5] [5]
D	1206(5)	7.616(5)	21(10)	$\frac{3}{2}(+)$	7.608(11) 7.644(12)	$45(16) \\ 43(16)$	$\frac{3}{2}^{+}$	[17] [5]
Е	1452(39)	7.863(39)	292(107)	$\frac{1}{2}(+)$	-	-	-	
F	1564(10)	7.974(10)	11(8)	$(\frac{5}{2}^{-})$	7.944(15)	-	-	[18]
					8.069(12)	-	-	[18]

J.C. Dalouzy et al. Physical Review Letters. April 24th 2009

- New (improved using VAMOS spectrometer) experiment accepted at GANIL to study <sup>19</sup>Ne states in the Gamow peak
- Other reactions possible in the future, like  ${}^{30}P(p, \gamma){}^{31}S$
- Direct measurement possible in the future (SPIRAL2)

<sup>16</sup>O(<sup>3</sup>He,p)<sup>18</sup>F Expected intensity ~ 10<sup>7</sup> pps





#### Letter of Intent for SPIRAL 2

The Letter of Intent should be prepared using the following template and sent in electronic form (preferably as a pdf file) to the Chairman of the SPIRAL 2 Scientific Advisory Committee *Muhsin Harakeh* (*harakeh@kvi.nl*) with a copy to the Scientific Co-ordinator of SPIRAL 2 *Marek Lewitowicz* (*Lewitowicz@ganil.fr*) before **October 2<sup>nd</sup> 2006.** Further information on the facility and envisaged physics programme can be found at: <a href="http://www.ganil.fr/research/developments/spiral2/">http://www.ganil.fr/research/developments/spiral2/</a>

# Title: α-capture reactions in inverse kinematics relevant to stellar nucleosynthesis

<u>Spokesperson(s)</u> (max. 3 names, laboratory, e-mail - please underline among them one corresponding spokesperson):

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GANIL	<sup>4</sup> He( <sup>78</sup> K	(r,γ) <sup>82</sup> Sr	PAC date (fill in): May, 2007	EXP # (Do not fill in): E		
If Be or Ni production targets are to be used, indicate the maximum beam intensity the target can handle.     Test runs which may be needed to commission new apparatus are encouraged, but should be presented as separate proposals.						
Title*: Alpha-Capture Reactions in Inverse Kinematics Relevant to P-Process Nucleosynthesis						



#### Wien Filter of LISE



• WF collects all charge states of product of interest

- $\Delta v \sim 5\%$  (between the primary beam and the CN)
- The LISE WF has a specific fringe fields only ion optics code of ray tracing type are relevant



- Primary beam very well rejected, almost with factor 10<sup>11</sup>
- Too high intensity of scattered beam at energy ~20 MeV lower than the energy of the direct primary beam

# Outlook

• Very good rejection factor

•Target homogeneity is a major issue (dust deposited on solid target)



## **Electron Screening Effect**



(Assenbaum et al. Z. Phys. A - Atom Nuclei 327, 461 468 (1987))

Still not well understood

## Beta and EC decay Influenced by the electron screening in metals

N <sub>0</sub>	Nucleus	Host	Measurement	Effect	Reference	
1	$^{22}Na$	Pd	12K and 293K	8.5 %	[Limata 06a]	
2	<sup>22</sup> Na	AI	12K and 293K	No effect	[Ruprecht 08b]	
3	<sup>22</sup> Na	Pd	15K and 293K	3.4 %	[Gang 08]	
1	1 7 D a	Pd	Metal at 12K	82 %	[Wang 06]	
4	De		and insulator LiO <sub>2</sub> at 12K	02 /0		
5	$7_{Re}$	In	Metal at 12K	64 %	[Wang 06]	
5	De		and insulator LiO <sub>2</sub> at 12K	04 70		
$6$ $7 R_{o}$		Pd W Zr Ta	Metals at 293K	No effect	[Limata 06b]	
Ŭ	De	1 u, vv, zr, ra	compared to adopted values	No enect		
7	$^{7}Be$	Cu	12.5K and 293K	No effect	[Kumar 08]	
8	$^{7}Be$	$C_{60}$	5K and 293K	1.5% absolute	[Ohtsuki 07]	
9	$^{198}Au$	Au	12K and 293K	11.8%	[Spillane 07]	
10	$^{198}Au$	Au	10K and 293K	No effect	[Ruprecht 08a]	
11	$^{198}Au$	Au	19K and 293K	No effect	[Goodwin 07]	
12	$^{198}Au$	Al-Au	12.5K and 293K	No effect	[Kumar 08]	
13	<sup>196</sup> Au	Au	10K and 293K	No effect	[Ruprecht 08a]	
14	$^{64}Cu$	Cu	12K and 293K	No effect	[Fallin 08]	
15	$^{74}As$	Ge, Ta	from 250mK to 293K	No effect	[Farkas 09]	

A new experiment proposed:

- Search for superconducting effects

Nb Tc = 9 K G. Stoppini, Il Nuovo Cimento 13, 1181 (1991) Cooper pair = Bose Statistic

- Minimize systematic error

<sup>19</sup>Ne / <sup>19</sup>O 5.10<sup>5</sup> pps 4 AMeV GANIL
Optimized setup (plastics on scalers)
1 hour / 1 hour

- Measure branching ratios

$$ft = f(\mathcal{Q}'_0, Z)T_{1/2} = \text{const}$$

$$\lambda_{\beta} = \sum_{i} \lambda^{(i)}$$
 or  $\frac{1}{T_{1/2}^{\beta}} = \sum_{i} \frac{1}{T_{1/2}^{(i)}},$ 

$$BR^{(i)} = \frac{\lambda^{(i)}}{\lambda_{\beta}}$$
 or  $BR^{(i)} = \frac{T_{1/2}^{\beta}}{T_{1/2}^{(i)}},$ 

# Results

Half-life of <sup>19</sup>O –  $\beta^-$  decay



#### Half-life of <sup>19</sup>Ne – $\beta^+$ decay



# Results

### Relative branching-ratios of <sup>19</sup>O

#### Gamma ray ratio 197keV/1554keV



#### Gamma ray ratio 197keV/4337keV



# Outlook

• Effect observed!

900 eV <sup>19</sup>O 400 eV <sup>19</sup>Ne

Smaller than predicted

U<sub>scr</sub>= ~1 or 10 % of theoretical prediction

• In principle, a factor 10 in precision is possible, if beam intensity higher

Combined half-lives:

<sup>19</sup>Ne : 17.254  $\pm$  0.005 s <sup>19</sup>O : 26.476  $\pm$  0.010 s

## **Unbound nuclei**





Iulian Stefan Thesis 2007 Tours 2006, Procon 2006 Eprint: nucl-ex/0603020



### **Longer Lifetime?**



## Thank you

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#### Alpha-particle capture reactions in inverse kinematics relevant to p-process nucleosynthesis

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